

1

EU-SEC The European Security Certification Framework

ARCHITECTURE AND TOOLS

FOR AUDITING





Objective & Motivation

- Objective
 - develop and implement a unified way to configure and deploy existing tools to support standardized evaluation of controls
- Motivation
 - Semantics of measurement results produced by measurement techniques have to be comparable, regardless of a measurement technique's
 - Exemplary objective (SQO): Cloud Service's endpoints only use strong TLS cipher suites.
 - Underlying general question: What do we measure?
 - Core challenge: Unambiguous definition of evidence production and measurement to provide for comparability of evidence and measurement results generated by continuous security audit tools



Approach

- Development of a domain-specific language (DSL)
 - allows for unified, rigorous representation of configurations of continuous security audits tools
- Scope
 - Test-based security audits (i.e., test-based evidence and measurement production)
- DSL Engineering Process (according to Mernik et al.):
 - Decision: Substantiate the choice to build a DSL.
 - Analysis: Identify common domain constructs which are needed to configure continuous security audit tools.
 - Design: Given the domain constructs, DSL is designed using a suitable formal grammar.
 - Implementation: Implement language and develop tool-specific code generators (e.g. for Clouditor) which compile the target configuration language (i.e., translate from DSL to specific configuration language)



- Decision: Why build a DSL?
 - General motivation: Provide comparability of evidence and measurement produced by continuous security audit tools
 - guide the development of future continuous security audit tools
 - having tools conform with a common set of domain concepts defined for continuous, test-based evidence and measurement production
 - using formal grammar to define DSL: conforming with the domain concepts is not merely informal but can be enforced through code generators
- Link to T3.1 and T3.3
 - T3.1: unified configuration language allows to define candidate configurations, that is, templates for configurations of continuous security audit tools and map them to corresponding controls
 - T3.3: Instances of evidence and measurement results have to contain the configuration of a continuous security audit tool which was used to produce it

- Analysis: Building blocks of contiuous test-based security audits
 - Test cases: primitive
 - Example: perform TLS handshake with endpoint and compare supported cipher suites with predefined whitelist
 - Test suites: combine test cases, schedules singular test execution
 - Example: Check supported cipher suites every 30 minutes
 - Workflow: test suite to be run next
 - Example: If cipher suites not contained in the whitelist are supported, check supported cipher suites every 10 seconds







- Analysis: Building blocks of contiuous test-based security audits
 - Test metrics: produce measurement results based on test (suite) results
 - Example: Computes a the time a the endpoint of the cloud service supported vulnerable cipher suites
 - Preconditions: Check assumptions about environment before or in parallel to test execution
 - Example: Ping before test execution and only execute test if ping succeeded
 - Process





- Design: Given the domain constructs, DSL is designed using a suitable formal grammar
 - Building blocks serve as input to design language constructs
 - Extended-Backus-Naur Form (EBNF) is used to define the context-free grammar which generates ConTest
- Implementation: Implement language and develop tool-specific code generators
 - xText: open source framework to support the development and implementation of domain-specific languages
 - provides various features such as parser generation, code generator or interpreter
 - integrates with the Eclipse IDE and providing editor features such as syntax coloring, code completion and source code navigation
 - uses a proprietary language to specify the grammar of a DSL (but very similar to EBNF)



whether the interfaces of a cloud service component are securely configured."

Solution Overview

 Example configuration written in EBNF to continuously check supported cipher suites of a cloud service endpoint
TestDerivance Participane Continuously tests TestMetricParticipane Continuously TestMetricParticipane Contest TestMetricParticipane Continuously TestMetricParticipane C

	estmetrics (
1 2	TestMetricID c5fddea3 {
	TestMetricName "InsecureConfigurationCounterMetric"
1	TestMetricModule "basicResultCounter"
	Description "Counts the occurences of failed tests for secure interface configurations."
1	
1 2	TestMetricID a5fddea3 {
	TestMetricName "YearlyInsecureConfigurationMetric"
	TestMetricModule "cummulativeFailedPassedSequenceDuration"
	Description "Calculates the ratio between measured insecure interface configuration duration since
	test start and 31557600 seconds in a year of 365.25 days "
1	test start and 5155500 seconds in a year of 505.25 days.
	TestMetricID b5fdden3 4
8	Tasthetic Donateas {
	Test Metrickand Datry Instearing England Sequence Duration "
	Description "Coloniate the doily income interform application duration starting from 00,00 cm to 21.
	Description Calculates the daily insecure interface configuration duration starting from 00.00 an to 23.
1.63	1
3	
We	orkilow (
	WORKHOWID POTLIESTWORKHOW
1	worknowName "PortiestwithICMPPrecondition Workflow"
1	worknowmodule Basiciterator
1	Bound Testsuites {
1	TestSuiteID "PortTestNampTestSuite" {
	TestSuiteName "SecureInterfaceConfigurationTestSuite"
	NumberOfMaxIteration infinite
	IntervalBetweenTests {
	randomizeIntervalDuration [30,180]
	1
	Offset 15
	Timeout 300
	BoundTestCases {
	TestCaseID PingTest {
	TestCaseName "PreConditionPingTestCase"
	TestCaseModule "Ping"
	Order 1
	InputParameters {
	<"count ": 10>,
	<"host": "10.244.250.9">
	AssertParameters {
1	<"round-trip-avg-\$lte":"50 ms">,
1	<"round-trip-sd-\$lte":"25 ms">
1	
	¥
1	TestCaseID PortTest {
	TestCaseName "PortTestCase"
1	TestCaseModule "nmao"
	Order 1
1	InputParameters {
1	<"host": "10.244.250.9" >
1	
	AssertParameters 1
	"White Listed Ports Sea": [80 443 486 993]>
	"BlackListed Ports Seq. (00,772,700,725),
	S DiackElacturolisacy . [21,22,25]2
	1 (II)
	, 1 ^{, 3, 4}

-69b7509e3462



• Example configuration written in ConText to continuously check supported cipher suites of a cloud service endpoint (implemented using xText)





- Generated example configuration to continuously check supported cipher suites of a cloud service endpoint
 - Tool specific YAML configuration file
 - Configuration used for Clouditor

	1d: d9ecdea3-e9da-4f78-b041-69b7509e3462
3	description: Continuously tests whether the interfaces of a cloud service component are securely configured
57	metrics:
6▼	- class: basicResultCounter
	name: InsecureConfigurationCounterMetric
	description: Counts the occurences of failed tests for secure interface configurations.
9▼	— class: cummulativeFailedPassedSequenceDuration
.0	name: YearlyInsecureConfigurationMetric
	description: Calculates the ratio between measured insecure interface configuration duration since test start and 31557600 seconds in a year
2	of 365.25 days.
3 🔻	— class: cummulativeFailedPassedSequenceDuration
	name: DailyInsecureConfigurationMetric
	description: Calculates the daily insecure interface configuration duration starting from 00:00 am to 23:59.
6	
7 🔻	testCases:
8 🔻	PreConditionPingTestCase
	'@id': PingTest
0	order: 1
1	count: 10
2	host: 10.244.250.9
	round-trip-avg-site: 75 ms
4	round-trip-sd-\$ite: 25 ms
5	
b v	Portiestase:
./	(dl): Portlest
0	
9	1051: 10.244220.9
1	WilteListedPortsSed: [00, 443, 400, 993]
	DiackListeuPortssed: [21, 22, 23]
2 -	un ek flau
	volativ
5	ctass, basicite/fold
5 6 v	tachilitae
7	PortForMamoTestSuite
8	name: PortTestNamoTestSuite
9	label: SecureInterfaceConfigurationTestSuite
0	randomized: true
	iteration: -1
2	interval: [30.180]
	offset: 15
	timeout: 300
	testCases: ['@ref': PingTest, '@ref': PortTest]